Revision 1

TEK, 4 Howarth Court, Gateway Crescent, Chadderton, Oldham OL9 9XB, England. Tel: 0161 627 0101

SAFETY DATA SHEET TEK FAST DRY SPOT PRIMER GREY 500ML

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Product No. TEK FAST DRY SPOT PRIMER GREY 500ML TEK009

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Paint aerosol

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

TEK 4 Howarth Court, Gateway Crescent, Chadderton, Oldham UK OL9 9XB 0161 627 0101 sds@jamesbriggs.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

	Physical and Chemical Hazards	Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222	
	Human health	EUH066;Eye Irrit. 2 - H319;STOT SE 3 - H336	
	Environment	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	
Classification (1999/45/EEC)	Xi;R36. F+;R12. R52/53, R66, R67.		
The Full Text for all P. Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16			

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

Label In Accordance With (EC) No. 1272/2008



Signal Word	Danger	
Hazard Statements		
	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements		
	P102	Keep out of reach of children.
	P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	P261	Avoid breathing vapour/spray.
	P337+313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

	P305+351+338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.
Supplementary Precautionary Statem	nents	
	P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
	P251	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P264	Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
	P304+340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
	P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
	P410+412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 $^\circ\text{C}/122^\circ$ F.
Supplemental label information		
	EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
	H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL			< 1%
CAS-No.: 107-98-2	EC No.: 203-539-1		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336		Classification (67/548/EEC) R10 R67	
2-BUTOXYETHANOL			1-5%
CAS-No.: 111-76-2	EC No.: 203-905-0		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		Classification (67/548/EEC) Xn;R20/21/22 Xi;R36/38	
ACETONE			30-60%
CAS-No.: 67-64-1	EC No.: 200-662-2		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 EUH066 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336		Classification (67/548/EEC) F;R11 Xi;R36 R66 R67	
BUTANE			5-10%
CAS-No.: 106-97-8	EC No.: 203-448-7		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220		Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12	

ISOBUTANE			1-5%
CAS-No.: 75-28-5	EC No.: 200-857-2		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220		Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12	
PROPAN-2-OL			< 1%
CAS-No.: 67-63-0	EC No.: 200-661-7		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336		Classification (67/548/EEC) F;R11 Xi;R36 R67	
PROPANE			10-30%
CAS-No.: 74-98-6	EC No.: 200-827-9		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220		Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12	
SOLVENT NAPHTHA(PETROLEUM)), LIGHT AROM.		1-5%
CAS-No.: 64742-95-6	EC No.:		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 EUH066 STOT SE 3 - H335, H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		Classification (67/548/EEC) Xn;R65. Xi;R37. N;R51/53. R10,R66,R67.	
TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE)			< 1%
CAS-No.: 7779-90-0	EC No.: 231-944-3		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		Classification (67/548/EEC) N;R50/53	
XYLENE			5-10%
CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	EC No.: 215-535-7		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		Classification (67/548/EEC) R10 Xn;R20/21 Xi;R38	

ZINC BORATE STORFLAM ZB2335			< 1%
CAS-No.:	EC No.:		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		Xi;R36.	
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		N;R50.	
The Full Text for all P. Phrases and Hezerd	Statemente are Dieplay	ad in Section 16	

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Inhalation

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention. Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give large amounts of milk or water to people not unconscious. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact

Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Use: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards Aerosol cans may explode in a fire.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.2. Environmental precautions

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Let evaporate. Keep out of confined spaces because of explosion risk. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.

6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Name	STD	TWA	- 8 Hrs	STEL	- 15 Min	Notes
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL	WEL	100 ppm(Sk)	375 mg/m3(Sk)	150 ppm(Sk)	560 mg/m3(Sk)	
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	WEL	25 ppm(Sk)		50 ppm(Sk)		
ACETONE	WEL	500 ppm	1210 mg/m3	1500 ppm	3620 mg/m3	
BUTANE	WEL	600 ppm	1450 mg/m3	750 ppm	1810 mg/m3	
PROPAN-2-OL	WEL	400 ppm	999 mg/m3	500 ppm	1250 mg/m3	
PROPANE		Asphyxiating	Asphyxiating.	Asphyxiating	Asphyxiating.	
XYLENE	WEL	50 ppm(Sk)	220 mg/m3(Sk)	100 ppm(Sk)	441 mg/m3(Sk)	

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Engineering measures

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Respiratory equipment

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Use chemical cartridge protection with appropriate cartridge. Hand protection

Use protective gloves.

Eye protection

Use approved safety goggles or face shield.

Other Protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	Typical
Odour	Characteristic.
Flammability Limit - Lower(%)	0.8
Flammability Limit - Upper(%)	9.0

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperature conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with: Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Inhalation

May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. Irritating to respiratory system.

Ingestion

May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

Skin contact

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema. May cause allergic contact eczema. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes. May cause chemical eye burns. Route of entry Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

12.1. Toxicity

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Empty containers must not be burned because of explosion hazard. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN)	1950
UN No. (IMDG)	1950
UN No. (ICAO)	1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name	AEROSOLS
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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class	2
ADR/RID/ADN Class	Class 2: Gases
ADR Label No.	2.1
IMDG Class	2.1
ICAO Class/Division	2.1
Transport Labels	



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN Packing group	Not Applicable
IMDG Packing group	Not Applicable
ICAO Packing group	Not Applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS F-D, S-U

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Uk Regulatory References The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002. The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. Statutory Instruments The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002. Approved Code Of Practice Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply. Guidance Notes Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37. CHIP for everyone HSG(108).

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION	
Revision Date	12/04/2016
Revision	1
Risk Phrases In Full	
R12	Extremely flammable.
R10	Flammable.
R20/21	Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R20/21/22	Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.
R52/53	Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R11	Highly flammable
R36/38	Irritating to eyes and skin.
R36	Irritating to eyes.
R37	Irritating to respiratory system.
R38	Irritating to skin.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R50	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.
Hazard Statements In F	full
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs << Organs>> through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.